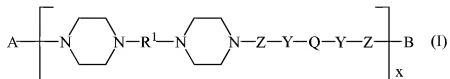


## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

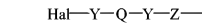
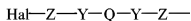
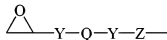
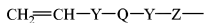
This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listing, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) Compounds of formula (I):

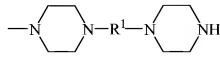


in which:

A represents a hydrogen atom, or a group of formula:

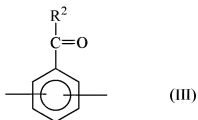
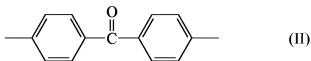


and B represents a halogen atom or a group of formula :



are terminal groups;

R<sup>1</sup> represents a group of formula (II) or (III) :



R<sup>2</sup> represents a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl group, an aryl group or a substituted aryl group having one or more C<sub>1</sub> - C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub> - C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy or phenyl substituents;

Z represents a group of formula -(CHR<sup>3</sup>)<sub>n</sub>-, where R<sup>3</sup> represents a hydrogen atom, a hydroxy group or a C<sub>1</sub> - C<sub>4</sub> alkyl group, and n is a number from 0 to 6;

Y represents a carbonyl group or a group of formula -CH<sub>2</sub>-;

Q represents a ~~residue of a dihydroxy compound~~ a residue of a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> polyalkylene glycol or is a bis(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> hydroxyalkyl) ether;

Hal represents a halogen atom; and

x is a number from 1 to 100.

2-3. (Cancelled)

4. (Currently Amended) Compounds according to Claim 2 1, in which Hal represents a chlorine or bromine atom.
5. (Currently Amended) Compounds according to Claim 1, in which Z represents a group of formula  $-\text{CHR}_2-$   $-\text{CHR}^3-$ .
6. (Previously Presented) Compounds according to Claim 1, in which  $\text{R}^3$  represents a hydrogen atom, a methyl group or an ethyl group.
7. (Original) Compounds according to Claim 6, in which  $\text{R}^3$  represents a hydrogen atom.
8. (Previously Presented) Compounds according to Claim 1, in which Z represents a group of formula  $-(\text{CHR}^3)_n-$ , n is a number from 2 to 6 and one of  $\text{R}^3$  represents a hydrogen atom or a  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_4$  alkyl group, and the other or others of  $\text{R}^3$  represent hydrogen atoms.
9. (Original) Compounds according to Claim 1, wherein Q represents a group of formula  $-\text{D}-\text{Q}'-\text{D}-$ , where:

D represents a group of formula  $-\text{[O}(\text{CHR}^4\text{CHR}^5)_a\text{]y-}$ ,  $-\text{[O}(\text{CH}_2)_b\text{CO}]_y-$  or  $-\text{[O}(\text{CH}_2)_b\text{CO}]_{(y-1)-}\text{[O}(\text{CHR}^4\text{CHR}^5)_a\text{]-}$ ; where:

$\text{R}^4$  and  $\text{R}^5$  independently represent a hydrogen atom or a  $\text{C}_1$  -  $\text{C}_4$  alkyl group;

a is a number from 1 to 2 ;

b is a number from 4 to 5;

y is a number from 1 to 10; and

$\text{Q}'$  represents a residue of dihydroxy compound.

10. (Original) Compounds according to Claim 9, in which y is a number from 3 to 10.
11. (Original) Compounds according to Claim 10, in which D represents a group of formula  $-\text{[O}(\text{CHR}^4\text{CHR}^5)_a\text{]y-}$  where a is an integer from 1 to 2, and y is a number from 1 to 10.

12. (Original) Compounds according to Claim 10, in which D represents a group of formula  $-\text{[OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{]}_y-$ ,  $-\text{[OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{]}_y-$  or  $-\text{[OCH(CH}_3\text{)CH}_2\text{]}_y-$ , where y is a number from 1 to 10.
13. (Withdrawn) Compounds according to Claim 10, in which D represents a group of formula  $-\text{[O(CH}_2\text{)}_b\text{CO]}_y-$ , where b is a number from 4 to 5 and y is a number from 1 to 10.
14. (Withdrawn) Compounds according to Claim 10, in which D represents a group of formula  $-\text{[O(CH}_2\text{)}_b\text{CO]}_{(y-1)}-\text{[O(CHR}^a\text{CHR}^b\text{)}_a]$ , where a is a number from 1 to 2, b is a number from 4 to 5 and y is a number from 1 to 10.
15. (Original) Compounds according to Claim 9, in which a is 2 and y is a number from 1 to 10.
16. (Original) Compounds according to Claim 9, in which y is a number from 1 to 6.
17. (Original) Compounds according to Claim 9, in which Q' is a residue of a poly C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylene glycol.
18. (Currently Amended) Compounds according to Claim 9, in which Q' is a residue of ethylene glycol, propylene glycol, butylene glycol, ~~glycerol~~, 2,2-propanediol, polyethylene glycol, polypropylene glycol or polybutylene glycol.
19. (Currently Amended) Compounds according to Claim 1, in which Q is a residue of a poly ~~C2-C6~~ C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylene glycol.
20. (Currently Amended) Compounds according to Claim 19, in which Q is a residue of ethylene glycol, propylene glycol, butylene glycol, ~~glycerol~~, 2,2-propanediol, polyethylene glycol, polypropylene glycol or polybutylene glycol.
21. (Previously Presented) Compounds according to Claim 1, in which x is a number from 1 to 50.
22. (Currently Amended) The compound of formula (I) of claim 1 used as a photoinitiation sensitiser.

23. (Original) An energy-curable composition comprising: (a) a polymerisable monomer, prepolymer or oligomer; (b) a photoinitiator; and (c) the sensitiser of Claim 22.

24. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a cured polymeric composition by:

(a) applying to or printing onto a substrate an energy-curable composition according to Claim 23; and

(b) exposing a the energy-curable composition according to Claim 23 to actinic radiation.

25. (Original) A process according to Claim 24, in which the actinic radiation is ultraviolet radiation.